## Bronze Bidding Challenge: October 2023. Comments and Scores.

This month's problems were faced by our Under31 Team in SOL11.
Problem 1 Teams NS Vul Dealer North

| ¢T976 | West | NORTH | EAST | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| จQ6 | - | 1. | $38^{1}$ | Pass |
| -A4 | ? |  |  |  |
| \&AJ876 |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1} 3 จ=$ Weak jump overcall

## The majority of the panel elect to Pass.

SANDERS: Pass. Partner has made a jump overcall at favourable so may not be that great and will almost certainly need a singleton. Don't mind a raise to $4 \triangleright$ if East is generally very sound for this kind of action.
Frame: Pass: I only have a couple of tricks (outside chance of 3 with a ruff) to help partner but, with too many losers, l'm happy to leave him at the 3-level or even to defend if opponents re-open.
But nearly half vote to move forward:
TUDOR: $4 \nabla$. The right vulnerability to put the opponents to a guess.
MALE: $4 \triangleright$. The $\nabla Q$ is a big card, partner is short in spades, I have 2 Aces, it is teams scoring. It is mathematically correct to try for thin games.
I am sure more panellists would bid on if vulnerable, when the game bonus is larger and partner's jump might not be quite so weak. What do you need from partner to make game? จAJTxxxx, the $Q$ and a singleton spade would be nice...
Sime: $4 \dot{4}$. I don't expect this to be a popular choice, but it should be lead-directing with heart support. If partner's hearts are AJxxxx a heart lead might give North his 4a.
The idea of introducing a new suit for the lead is a good one. It cannot be an attempt to play in your suit at the 4level, so should be a fit bid, showing the values to raise to $4 \checkmark$ with a club suit on the side.
If North is about to bid 4a all on his own this bid might get partner off to the best lead, but that seems unlikely. Perhaps this suit is not quite good enough for what might be considered a slam try...

| Problem 1 | Panel | Marks | Competitors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pass | 5 | 10 | 33 |
| $4 \odot$ | 3 | 8 | 9 |
| 3NT | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| 4 | 1 | 6 | 0 |

Partner had $Q \vee$ QK96532 $\Delta T$ Q543 so $4 \checkmark$ makes, but $3 N T$, chosen by our Under-31 hero, is declarer-proof when hearts break no worse than $3=1$. (I guess our passers would all bid $4 \checkmark$ with partner's hand.)

## Problem 2 Teams: NS Vul Dealer East

| -K642 <br> 『Q72 <br> จK8 <br> \& QJT7 | West | NORTH | EASt | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - | - | Pass | Pass |
|  | ? |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Many players choose to open light in third seat because partner's new suit response is no longer forcing. Jim points out the dangers.
TUDOR: Pass. Even though I'm in third position it's not good for partnership moral when you open and partner takes you seriously and stretches a response!
If you open a weak no-trump a passed partner should not be considering game, which may explain why the panel rather fancy that bid.
McKAY: 1NT. Third in hand you are trying to talk your opponents out of bidding. Even if doubled the vulnerability makes it a lower risk bid.
MALE: 1NT. Pass or bid ? it's a bidders' game!
SANDERS: 1NT...only eleven points but third in hand with the favourable vulnerability. See how the gives the suit good texture so will award the hand an extra point!

The $T$ is not quite enough for lain:
Sime: Pass. Only the T makes this a problem.
Danny likes the fact that a new suit response from a passed partner is not forcing:
HAMILTON: 1\&. Just about worth opening, as decent suit and we can handle any response from partner (bidding spades or passing).
Many players are inclined to open any old 13 cards in 3rd seat. My personal preference is to open light only when I have a suit that I would like partner to lead when opponents buy the contract.

| Problem 2 | Panel | Marks | Competitors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1NT | 5 | 10 | 9 |
| Pass | 3 | 8 | 23 |
| 1 | 1 | 7 | 5 |
| 1 | 0 | 3 | 5 |

Partner had $5 \vee T 653 \diamond$ AQT65 A62. The minor suits lie well, and only an unlikely defence beats 3NT! So this is a good time to open light.

Problem 3 Teams: EW Vul Dealer North

| -A9 <br> 『K854 <br> จT9732 <br> $\stackrel{93}{ }$ | West | NORTH | EAST | SOUTH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1ヵ. | Dbl | 20 |
|  | ? |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Is this hand strong enough to compete at the 3-level? Derek believes so:
SANDERS: $3 \checkmark$. Despite the unfavourable vulnerability and given it's very likely that the opponents have a 9 -card spade fit (doubleton at most in partner's hand after the takeout double) there are a few hands partner could have where we can make $5 \checkmark$.
Danny sees another reason to bid:
HAMILTON: $3 \diamond$. The opposition surely have a big spade fit so there might be a good sacrifice here.
Most of the panel settle for a wait and see approach.
Frame: Pass: I can't justify bidding at the 3-level, vulnerable, with such a meagre collection although I will happily cooperate if partner makes another move.
BARON: Pass - N/S may have a misfit and are in trouble. You are likely to have a second chance to bid and can then decide to compete.
McKaY: Pass. $3 \diamond$ would be quite risky. All you are likely to gain is a part score but you might get doubled and lose 200/500. You have 2 defensive tricks, so you may well take them off in their final contract.
MALE: Pass. I do not have enough for a free bid. Are the hearts $4=5=4=0$ ? It's a potential misfit.
There is indeed something odd about this auction! Partner does not seem to have a very strong hand, so you expect him to have a few hearts. Yet RHO has bid hearts, suggesting at least 5 cards. If the bid is genuine opener must have a lot of spades.
Sime: Dble. I play this as exposing South's potential psyche, i.e. four or more hearts and values. In the early days of contract bridge it was fashionable to psyche. Rather than simply raise partner over a takeout double you tried to bid opponents' best suit to put them off bidding it themselves. Which is why many experts double here to say: "RHO pinched my bid." Psyches are rarer now, but the meaning remains. Partner may decide to play in the bid suit anyway, knowing of bad breaks in advance.

| Problem 3 | Panel | Marks | Competitors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pass | 6 | 10 | 24 |
| $3 \diamond$ | 2 | 8 | 12 |
| Dbl | 1 | 7 | 3 |
| 2NT | 0 | 4 | 3 |

## Problem 4 Teams: EW Vul Dealer North

| ¢AJT2 | West | NORTH | EASt | SOUTH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| จKT6 | - | Pass | Pass | 18 |
| จAK7 | Dbl | Pass | 14 | Pass |
| -KT4 | ? |  |  |  |

This was the only problem this month to produce a lot of different answers from competitors.
At the table an opponent simply bashed game, but the panel are more circumspect. They believe that a single raise shows extra values.
Edmond: 24. A dilemma between good middle values but no ruffing prospects. For me the latter makes me bid just 2a showing at least 15 points - after all partner might have nothing at all but was forced to bid.
HAMILTON: 2\&. Needs an alert partner, who recognises that bidding 2 . must believe there is still hope of game opposite the 0-8 1- response, so must be a very good hand.
Frame: 24. I must make a further try in case partner can cooperate but I don't want to punish him for bidding, as I asked, with only minimal values.
Some players automatically raise the response to their takeout double with 4-card support and a singleton somewhere - but here a singleton club might be more valuable than the King.
Tim believes this hand is just too strong for a single raise.
McKay: 3A. Your partner may have nothing so you need to be cautious, despite needing to push for game. Partner should go to game with a good 6 count or more.
We all know that "points do not make tricks" in suit contracts, but this hand has no wasted Queens and Jacks and the Kings sit over the opening bidder. The problem in a spade contract might be a lack of entries to partner's hand. Two panellists come up with a different way to try for game.
BARON: 1NT. Shows a strong flat hand with a club stop. Partner may go on with a maximum, or long spades.
Sanders: 1NT. Given I did not overcall 1NT must have upgraded this to 19 points. Partner will now be well placed to take appropriate action and I can still convert back to spades anyway.
If partner has a bust this may be as good a contract as any - but opponents' silence suggests partner may have a few points. The only problem might be whether to convert to spades after a raise.

| Problem 4 | Panel | Marks | Competitors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2^ | 6 | 10 | 5 |
| 1NT | 2 | 9 | 4 |
| 3 | 1 | 8 | 10 |
| 2 $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ | 0 | 7 | 3 |
| 2NT | 0 | 4 | 9 |
| 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3NT | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Pass | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 3 $\boldsymbol{0}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 4NT | 0 | 1 | 1 |

## Competitors Top Scores

No perfect scores this time. Congratulations to David Edelman, Graham Vincent and Alan Paterson who were best scorers with 38 and creditable mentions to Margaret Mainland and Robert MacTier who were just one point behind on 37.

| $\mathbf{2 *}^{*}$ Master | Will Iles | Stewartry | 36 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Roy Heanes | New Melville | 31 |
| $\mathbf{1 *}^{*}$ Master | David Edelman | Maccabi | 38 |
|  | Alasdair Adam | Stirling | 32 |
|  | Robin MacPherson | New Melville | 31 |
| Master | Graham Vincent | Linlithgow | 38 |
|  | David Hartley | St Andrew | 36 |
|  | Ken Brown | Pentland | 35 |
|  | Andy McKinnel | Linlithgow | 33 |
|  | Robert Taylor | Linlithgow | 33 |
|  | Paul Kerr | Troon | 32 |
|  | Pam Warner | New Melville | 31 |
| District Master | Alan Paterson | Johnstone | 38 |
|  | Dawn \& Peter Beckett | New Melville | 36 |
|  | John Smithson | Berwick | 34 |
|  | Tony Goldberg | GBC | 34 |
|  | May Armour | Kyle | 32 |
|  | Ken Tait | Marmion | 31 |
| Local Master | Margaret Mainland | Orkney | 37 |
|  | Lesley Robertson | Peebles | 36 |
|  | John Ramsay | Carlton | 34 |
|  | Keith Smith | New Melville | 31 |
| Club Master | Debbie Bland | Bearsden Academy | 34 |
|  | Pauline Briody | Direct Member | 34 |
|  | Sandra Mair | Carlton | 32 |
|  | Sandie Watson | New Melville | 32 |
|  | Wilma Currie | Kilmacolm | 31 |
|  | John Baraclough | Ness | 30 |
|  | Linton Horsfall | Carlton | 30 |
|  | Robert MacTier | Bearsden Academy | 37 |
|  | $a n$ Lowson | New Melville | 30 |
|  | Evelyn Watson | Stepping-Stone | 30 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3 |

Congratulations to regular competitor Andy McKinnel on becoming a Master.

