DEFENSIVE AND COMPETITIVE BIDDING
OVERCALLS (Style: Responses: 1/2 Level; Reopening) 1-level: 8-16 HCP (4)5+cs. 2-level: 12-16 HCP, good 5 or 6cs. New suit $=$ NAT, F1; Jump shift $=$ FJ; Raises $=$ PRE;
Non-Jump in NT $=10-12$; Jump to $2 \mathbf{N T}=13-15 \mathrm{HCP}$;
$3 \mathrm{NT}=$ to play. CUE $=$ HCR; Jump CUE $=$ Stopper Ask, GF 1NT OVERCALL ( $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd } / 4} 4^{\text {th }}$ Live; Responses; Reopening) $2^{\text {nd }}: 1 \mathbf{N T}=$ good $15-18 \mathrm{HCP}$ with stopper \{System on $\}$.
$4^{\text {th: }: ~} 1 \mathbf{N T}=12-15 \mathrm{HCP}$, may not have stopper $\{$ System on $\}$. (1x) P (1y) $1 \mathbf{N T}=17-19$ HCP (but weak $5-5$ in other suits by PH). JUMP OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; Unusual NT) $2^{\text {nd }}=$ Weak, $4^{\text {th }}=$ Intermediate: $\mathrm{ns}=\mathrm{F} 1,2 \mathbf{N T}=\mathrm{ENQ}$ for HCF. 2 NT: $2^{\text {nd }}=$ Unusual ( 2 lowest suits); $4^{\text {th }}=19-21$ BAL $\{$ System on $\}$. DIRECT \& JUMP CUE BIDS (Style; Responses; Reopen) $2^{\text {nd }} / 4^{\text {th }}$ : Direct CUE $=$ Michaels (wide-ranging)
(1m) $2 \mathbf{m}=\mathrm{H} \& \mathbf{S}, 55+$. 1C (short): $2 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{NAT} ; 2 \mathrm{D}=$ Michaels. (1M) $2 \mathbf{M}=\mathrm{o} \mathbf{M}+\mathbf{m}, 55+$. RESP: $2 \mathbf{N T}=$ Game Try, $3 \mathbf{m}=\mathrm{P}$ or C . $2^{\text {nd }} / 4^{\text {th }}:$ Jump CUE asks for stopper \{may be 1 -suited GF\}. VS. NT (vs. Strong/Weak; Reopening;PH)
Weak NT: DBL=PEN $\{5 \mathrm{~m} \& 4 \mathrm{M}$ by PH $\}$. Strong NT:DBL $=5 \mathrm{~m} \& 4 \mathrm{M}$ Multi-Landy: $2 \mathbf{C}=\mathbf{H} \& \mathbf{S} ; 2 \mathrm{D}=\mathbf{H}$ or $\mathbf{S} ; 2 \mathbf{M}=5 \mathbf{M} \& 4+\mathbf{m}$.
$2 \mathbf{N T}=$ either C\&D; or Strong 2 suiter. $3 \mathbf{x}=$ NAT, constructive.
VS.PREEMTS (Doubles; Cue-bids; Jumps; NT Bids)
Weak 2: $\mathbf{X}=\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}\{$ then $\leq 2 \mathrm{NT}=0-7,3 \mathrm{~ns}=8=11$, LEB (FASS) $\}$;
$2 \mathbf{N T}=16-18$ \{system on, trf to opp's suit $=4441$ ( 1 in opp's suit ) $\}$
CUE $=$ Stopper Ask. Leaping Michaels.
Weak 3: $\mathbf{X}=\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O} ; 3 \mathbf{N T}=$ to play; CUE $=$ Strong Michaels. Weak 4: $\mathbf{X}=\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O} ; 4 \mathbf{N T}=2$ suiter.
Multi 2D: $2^{\text {nd }}: \mathbf{X}=\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}$ of $\mathbf{S}$ or $19+$ BAL; $2 \mathbf{H}=\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}$ of $\mathbf{H}$; $2 \mathbf{S} / 3 \mathbf{m} / 3 \mathbf{H}=5 / 6+\mathrm{cs}, 14+\mathrm{HCP} ; 2 \mathbf{N T}=16-18$ \{system on\}
$4^{\text {th }}: \mathbf{X}=$ T/O or RHO's suit; $2 \mathbf{N T}=16-18\{$ system on $\} ; 3 \mathbf{m}=$ NAT.
$6^{\text {th }}: \mathbf{X}=13-15$ BAL; $2 \mathbf{N T}=\mathbf{C} \& D ; 3 \mathbf{m}=6+\mathrm{cs}, 8-13 \mathrm{HCP}$.
After all T/O bids: $\leq 2 \mathrm{NT}=0-7,3 \mathrm{~ns}=8-11$, LEB (FASS).
2NT (UNT): X = PEN interest; 3C/D = H\&S, better H/S.
VS. ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS- i.e. 1C or 2C
STR $1 \mathrm{C}: 1 \mathrm{D} / 1 \mathrm{M} / 2 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{NAT}, \mathrm{X}=$ majors, $1 \mathrm{NT}=$ minors, WJOs. (1C)P (1D): 1M/2C/2D= NAT, X = majors, $1 \mathrm{NT}=$ minors, WJOs.
OVER OPPONENTS' TAKEOUT DOUBLE
RDBL $=10+$ HCP.1M(X): $1 \mathbf{N T} / 2 \mathbf{C}=\rightarrow \mathbf{C} / \mathbf{D}, 1 \mathbf{S}(\mathrm{X}) 2 \mathbf{D}=\rightarrow \mathbf{H}$.
$1 \mathbf{M}$ (X): $2 \mathbf{M}-1=3 \mathrm{cs}, 7+; 2 \mathbf{M}=3 \mathrm{cs}, 4-6$.
$1 H(X) 2 S \& 1 S(X) 3 H=4 c s, 7-9.2 N T=H C R$, INV+. FJ\& SPL. OVER OPPONENTS' SUIT OVERCALL
DBL $=$ NEG; New suit $=$ NAT, F1 by UPH. $1 \mathbf{N T}=7-10$ HCP. $1 \mathrm{~m}-(1 / 2 \mathbf{x})-2 \mathbf{N T}=$ NAT, $1 \mathbf{M}-(1 / 2 \mathbf{x})-2 \mathbf{N T}=4 \mathbf{M}$, INV + .
$1 \mathbf{M}-(1 / 2 \mathbf{x})-2 / 3 \mathbf{x}=3 \mathbf{M}$, INV + . Raises $=$ PRE. Fit Jumps\& Splinters.
After 1 m opening CUE need not have support.

LEADS AND SIGNALS


Signals (including Trumps):
Standard distribution: Hi/Lo = Even.Reverse Attitude: Lo = ENCRG. Smith Peters v NT: Hi = ENCRGby both.Trumps: S/P.

## DOUBLES

## TAKEOUT DOUBLES (Style; Responses; Reopening)

T/O DBL $=3+$ cards in any unbid $\mathbf{M}, 2+$ cards in any unbid m ; or $17+$. Responses: Cue-bid $=10+$ HCP unsuitable for any other bid.
2NT often scrambling after DBL of $2 \mathbf{M}$. Reopening DBL $=9+\mathrm{HCP}$.
SPECIAL, ARTIFICIAL \& COMPETITIVE DBLS/RDLS
NEG DBL thru 4D: 1C (1D) DBL $=4 / 5 H \& 4 S ; 1 m(1 H)$ DBL $=4$;
$1 \mathbf{m}$ (1S) DBL suggests $4+$ H. RESP DBL thru 4 S.
COMP DBL when opponents have bid and raised a suit.
Support DBL/RDBL eg 1m (Pass) 1M (DBL/1S/1NT/2m/2mm/2H):
RDBL/DBL shows exactly 3 card support.
Game Try DBL:only when there is no room for any othergame try DBL of 3NT: Lead (in order of priority): 1. your suit. 2. my suit.
3. dummy's 1st suit. 4. your shorter Major.

Lightner DBL: DBL of a slam is lead directing usually showing a void. Rozenkrantz RDBL: ( $1 \mathbf{x}$ )-1y-(DBL)-RDBL $=\mathrm{Ax}(\mathrm{x})$ or $\mathrm{Kx}(\mathrm{x})$ DBL of splinter: Lead the suit below (excluding trumps).


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ט } \\ & \sum_{n}^{2} \\ & \vdots \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 릎 | WBF CONVENTION CARDPLAYERS: Ying Piper (10452) \& Peter Moss (6642) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | DESCRIPTION | RESPONSES | SUBSEQUENT ACTION | PASSED HAND BIDDING |
| 1C |  | 3 | 4D | $3+\mathbf{C}, 10-20 \mathrm{HCP}$ <br> We open 1 C when 3-3 in the minors. We open the 4 card suit when 4-3 in the minors. <br> When 4-4 in the minors we usually open 1D. | $1 \mathrm{D} / 1 \mathbf{M}=$ NAT, F1. 1M can have longer $\mathbf{D}$ suit. 1NT $=6$-10 HCP, no 4 card major. $2 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{F}$ to $2 \mathrm{NT} / 3 \mathrm{C} ; 3 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{PRE}\{$ Inverted minors $\}$. 2D/2M = WJS, $6+$ card suit ( $2-5 \mathrm{HCP}$ ). <br> 2NT/3NT $=11-12 / 13-15$ BAL, no 4 card major. 3D/3M $=$ SPL, singleton or void with $5+\mathbf{C}$. | 1a-1b-1NT = 12-14 BAL: <br> 2 Way Checkback 2C = Puppet to 2D (to play or anyinvitational hand); 2D = ART GF. <br> 1a-1b-2NT = 18/19 BAL: <br> 2 Way Checkback 3C = Puppet to 3D (to play in 3D/H/S); 3D = ART GF; 3M = NAT, FG. <br> $1 \mathbf{a}-1 \mathbf{b}-2 \mathbf{c}$ (Reverse or Jump Shift): cheaper of $2 \mathbf{d} / 2 \mathbf{N T}=$ Blackout, $3 \mathbf{a} / 3 \mathbf{b} / 3 \mathbf{c}=\mathrm{FG}$. <br> $1 \mathbf{x}-1 \mathbf{H}-2 \mathbf{H}: 2 \mathbf{S}=\mathrm{ENQ}, 2 \mathbf{N T}=4 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{~F} 1.1 \mathbf{x}-1 \mathbf{S}-2 \mathrm{~S}: 2 \mathrm{NT}=\mathrm{ENQ}$. | New suit $=\mathrm{NF}$. System On where appropriate. |
| 1D |  | 3 | 4D | $\begin{aligned} & 3+\mathrm{D}, 10-20 \mathrm{HCP} . \\ & \text { Only } 3 \text { cards if } 4432 . \end{aligned}$ | $1 \mathbf{M}=4+\mathbf{M}, 6+$ HCP \{may have longer minor\}. $1 \mathrm{NT}=6-10 \mathrm{HCP} .2 \mathrm{C}=4+\mathrm{C}$, FG. <br> $2 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{F}$ to $2 \mathrm{NT} / 3 \mathrm{D} ; 3 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{PRE}\{$ Inverted minors $\}$. <br> $2 \mathbf{M}=$ WJS, $6+$ M card suit ( $2-5 \mathrm{HCP}$ ). <br> 2NT/3NT=11-12/13-15 BAL, no 4 card major. $3 \mathbf{C}=6+\mathbf{C}$, at least 1 honour, INV ( $9-11 \mathrm{HCP}$ ). <br> $3 \mathbf{M} / 4 \mathbf{C}=$ SPL, singleton or void with $5+\mathbf{D}$. | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathbf{x}-1 \mathbf{H}-2 \mathbf{H}: 2 \mathbf{S}=\mathrm{ENQ}, 2 \mathbf{N T}=4 \mathbf{S}, \mathrm{~F} 1 . \\ & 1 \mathbf{x}-1 \mathbf{S}-2 \mathbf{S}: 2 \mathbf{N T}=\mathrm{ENQ} . \end{aligned}$ | New suit $=\mathrm{NF}$. System On where appropriate. |
| 1M |  | 5 | 4D | 5+M, 10-20 HCP. | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathbf{N T}=6-11.2 \mathbf{m}=\text { NAT, FG. } 1 \mathbf{S}-2 \mathbf{H}=5+\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{FG} . \\ & 1 \mathbf{H}-2 \mathbf{S} / 1 \mathbf{S}-2 \mathbf{N T}=\mathrm{INV} 3 \text { card raise. } \\ & 1 \mathbf{H}-2 \mathbf{N T} / 3 \mathbf{C} / 3 \mathrm{D} / 3 \mathbf{H}=4 \mathrm{cR}(12+, 10-11,7-9,0-6) . \\ & 1 \mathbf{S}-3 \mathbf{C} / 3 \mathrm{D} / 3 \mathbf{H} / 3 \mathbf{S}=4 \mathrm{cR}(12+, 10-11,7-9,0-6) . \\ & 1 \mathbf{H}-3 \mathbf{S} / 1 \mathbf{S}-3 \mathbf{N T}=4+\mathrm{cs}, \mathrm{FG} \text { with any singleton. } \\ & 1 \mathbf{H}-3 \mathbf{N T} / 4 \mathbf{C} / 4 \mathbf{D}=4+\mathbf{H} \text { with } \mathbf{S} / \mathbf{C} / \mathbf{D} \text { void. } \\ & 1 \mathbf{S}-4 \mathbf{C} / 4 \mathbf{D} / 4 \mathbf{H}=4+\mathbf{S} \text { with C/D/H void. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Gazzilli after $1 \mathbf{H}-1 \mathbf{S} \& 1 \mathbf{H} / 1 \mathbf{S}-1 \mathbf{N T}: 2 \mathrm{C}=$ either 5H/5S\& 4+C, 10-15;or any $16+$. <br> $1 \mathbf{H}-2 \mathbf{N T}: 3 \mathrm{C} / 3 \mathrm{D} / 3 \mathrm{~S}=$ singleton/void C/D/S. <br> $1 \mathrm{~S}-3 \mathrm{C}: 3 \mathrm{D} / 3 \mathrm{H} / 3 \mathrm{NT}=$ singleton/void D/H/C. <br> $1 \mathrm{H}-3 \mathrm{~S}-3 \mathrm{NT}$ asks for singleton: $4 \mathrm{C} / 4 \mathrm{D} / 4 \mathrm{H}$ (or other) $=\mathbf{C} / \mathrm{D} / \mathbf{S}$. <br> 1S-3NT-4C asks for singleton: 4D/4H/4S(or other) $=\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{C}$. | $2 \mathbf{m}=\mathrm{NAT}$, NF. <br> System On where appropriate. |
| 1NT |  |  | 4D | 15-17 HCP, BAL ( $5 \mathrm{M}, 6 \mathrm{~m}$ or singleton $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{K}$ allowed). | $2 \mathrm{C}=$ Stayman (non-promissory).Smolen. <br> 2D/2H/2S/2NT $=\rightarrow \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{D}$. <br> $3 \mathrm{C}=(13)(54)$, FG. $3 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{xx} 55$, FG. <br> $3 \mathbf{M}=0 / 1 \mathbf{M}, 4 \mathrm{o} \mathbf{M} \& 4-4,5-3$ or 5-4 in $\mathbf{C} \& \mathbf{D}$, FG. <br> $4 \mathbf{C}=$ Gerber. 4D/4H $=\rightarrow \mathbf{H} / \mathbf{S}, 6+$ cs (Texas). <br> 4NT/5NT = Quantitative. |  | As for UPH. |
| 2 C | $\checkmark$ | 0 | 4D | Game Force or 22-23/24-25 BAL. | Control showing Responses ( $\mathrm{A}=2, \mathrm{~K}=1$ ) $2 \mathrm{D}=0 / 1,2 \mathrm{H}=2,2 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{K}, 2 \mathbf{N T}=3 \mathrm{~K}, 3 \mathrm{C}=4$ etc. After 2C (X/Overcall): XX/X/bid $=5+$ HCP. | Kokish: 2C-2D-2NT = 22-23 BAL; 2C-2D-3NT = 26-27 BAL; $2 \mathbf{C}-2 \mathrm{D}-2 \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{H}$ or $24-25$ or 28-29 BAL, then $2 \mathbf{S}$ asks: $2 \mathbf{N T}=24-25.3 \mathbf{N T}=28-29$. After 3NT rebid by opener: $4 \mathrm{C}=$ Baron, $4 \mathrm{D} / 4 \mathrm{H} / 4 \mathrm{~S} / 4 \mathrm{NT}=$ transfer to H/S/C/D. | As for UPH. |
| 2D |  | 5 |  | Weak \{NV 5/6D, 5-9HCP. VUL 6D, 6-10 HCP.\} Intermediate in 4th pos. | 2NT $=$ ENQ for HCF; New suit $=$ NAT, F1. 3D $/ 4 \mathrm{D}=$ PRE. $3 \mathrm{NT} / 5 \mathrm{D}=$ to play. $4 \mathrm{C}=1 / 2 \mathrm{KCB}$. | $1 / 2 \mathrm{KCB}: 2 \mathrm{D}-4 \mathrm{C}: 4 \mathrm{D}$ $=0 \mathrm{KC}, 4 \mathrm{H}=1 \mathrm{KC}$ not $\mathrm{TQ}, 4 \mathrm{~S}=1 \mathrm{KC} \& \mathrm{TQ}, 4 \mathrm{NT}=2 \mathrm{KC}$ not TQ, <br> 5 C $=2 \mathrm{KC} \& \mathrm{TQ}$. | As for UPH. |
| 2H |  | 5 |  | Weak $\{$ NV $5 / 6 \mathrm{H}, 5-9 \mathrm{HCP}$. VUL 6H, 6-10 HCP. \} Intermediate in 4th pos. | 2NT = ENQ for HCF. New suit $=$ NAT, F1. $3 H=$ PRE; $3 \mathbf{N T} / 4 H=$ to play. $4 \mathbf{C}=1 / 2 K C B$. | $\begin{aligned} 1 / 2 \mathrm{KCB}: 2 \mathrm{H}-4 \mathbf{C}: 4 \mathrm{D} & =0 \mathrm{KC}, 4 \mathrm{H}=1 \mathrm{KC} \text { not } \mathrm{TQ}, 4 \mathrm{~S}=1 \mathrm{KC} \& \mathrm{TQ}, 4 \mathrm{NT}=2 \mathrm{KC} \text { not } \mathrm{TQ}, \\ 5 \mathbf{C} & =2 \mathrm{KC} \& T Q . \end{aligned}$ | As for UPH. |
| 2 S |  | 5 |  | Weak \{NV 5/6S, 5-9HCP. VUL 6S, 6- $10 \mathrm{HCP}\}$. Intermediate in 4th pos. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2NT = ENQ for HCF. New suit = NAT, F1. } \\ & 3 \mathbf{S}=\text { PRE. } 3 \mathrm{NT} / 4 \mathbf{S}=\text { to play. } 4 \mathrm{C}=1 / 2 \mathrm{KCB} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 2 \mathrm{KCB}: 2 \mathrm{~S}-4 \mathrm{C}: 4 \mathrm{D}=0 \mathrm{KC}, 4 \mathrm{H}=1 \mathrm{KC} \text { not } \mathrm{TQ}, 4 \mathrm{~S}=1 \mathrm{KC} \& \mathrm{TQ}, 4 \mathrm{NT}=2 \mathrm{KC} \text { not } \mathrm{TQ}, \\ & 5 \mathrm{C}=2 \mathrm{KC} \& \mathrm{TQ} . \end{aligned}$ | As for UPH. |
| 2NT |  |  | 4D | 20-21 HCP, BAL. | $3 \mathrm{C}=$ Puppet Stayman; 3D/3H = transfer. $3 S=$ both minors or $6+$ Dwith slam interest. $3 \mathrm{NT}=$ to play. $4 \mathrm{C}=6+$ Cwith slam interest. $4 \mathrm{D} / 4 \mathrm{H}=\rightarrow \mathbf{H} / \mathbf{S}, 6+\mathrm{cs}$ (Texas). | 2NT-3C-3M/3NT: 4m = NAT with slam interest, 4NT = Quantitative. <br> 2NT-3C-3D-4C/4D $=4$ H\& 4S slam interest $/$ no slam interest. <br> 2NT-3C-3H-3S = H slam try. $2 \mathrm{NT}-3 \mathrm{C}-3 \mathrm{~S}-4 \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{S}$ slam try. <br> $2 \mathbf{N T}-3 \mathrm{D} / 3 \mathrm{H}-4 \mathrm{H} / 4 \mathbf{S}=4$ card support with at least K in each side-suit. <br> 2NT-3D/3H-3H/3S: 4H/4S = mild slam try, $4 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{NAT}, 4 \mathrm{NT}=$ Quantitative. <br> 2NT-3S-3NT: 4C=5+C\&4+D, 4D =6+D, 4H/4S/4NT = 3154/1354/2254. | As for UPH. |
| 3 suit |  | 6 |  | NAT PRE (NV 6/7cs. VUL 7cs). | $4 \mathrm{C}(4 \mathrm{D}$ over 3 C$)=1 / 2 \mathrm{KCB}$. | $1 / 2 \mathrm{KCB}: 1$ st step $=0 \mathrm{KC}, 2 \mathrm{nd} / 3 \mathrm{rd}$ step $=1 \mathrm{KC}-/+\mathrm{TQ}, 4$ th $/ 5$ th step $=2 \mathrm{KC}-/+\mathrm{TQ}$. | As for UPH. |
| 3NT | $\checkmark$ | 7 |  | Solid or 1-loser major with some defence. | $4 \mathrm{C}=$ bid suit belowM. 4D = enquiry for singleton. $4 \mathbf{H}=\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{C} .4 \mathbf{S}=\mathrm{P} /$ KickB for $\mathbf{H} .4 \mathbf{N T}=$ KickB for $\mathbf{S}$. | 3NT-4D: 4H/4S =NAT, no singleton; 4NT/5C/5D/5H = singleton in suit above:C/D/H/S. | As for UPH. |
| 4C/4D |  | 7 |  | NAT PRE | 4M = to play, 4C-4D/4D-4NT = Kickback 1430. | HIGH LEVEL BIDDING |  |
| 4H/4S |  | 7 |  | NAT PRE | Kickback 1430, cue bids. | Kickback 1430 (except 3041 when KC Ask $=5 \mathrm{~T}-1$ ): step $1=1 / 4 \mathrm{KC}$; step2=0/3; step3=2-Q; step4=2+Q. <br> After interference over Kickback: <5T, D0P1 (DBL=0/3, P=1/4, step1=2-Q, step2=2+Q); $\geq 5 \mathrm{~T}$, DOPE ( $\mathrm{DBL}=$ odd, $\mathrm{P}=$ even). <br> After step $1 / 2$, next step $=$ TQ Ask. $5 \mathrm{~T}+1=$ Specific K Ask. <br> Exclusion RKC 1430 (except 3041 when KC Ask = 5T-1). 6 Ace Kickback (1430). Cue bids are 1st or 2nd round control. |  |
| 4NT | $\checkmark$ |  |  | Specific Ace Ask | $5 \mathrm{C}=0 ; 5 \mathrm{D} / 5 \mathrm{H} / 5 \mathrm{~S} / 6 \mathrm{C}=$ specific A; $5 \mathrm{NT}=2$. |  |  |
| 5C/5D |  | 7 |  | NAT PRE |  |  |  |
| 5H/5S |  | 7 |  | Solid suit w/o AK \& no other losers. | Bid 6 with A or K of the suit, bid 7 with both. |  |  |

Weakest action in most competitive situations
Whensuit has been agreed and partner has forced to the next level then
rebidding the suit at that level is the weakest action.
If no suit has been agreed or if partner has not forced to the next level, then Pass is the weakest action.

## Unusual vs Unusual

When cuebids of 2opponents' suits are available;
lower cue = interest in lower of other 2 suits;
lower cue $=$ interest in lower of other 2 suits,
higher cue $=$ interest in higher of other 2 suits
Defence to transfer responses to 1 C :
e.g. (1C)-(1D) showing $H: X=D$ overcall, $1 H=T / O$ of $H, 2 D=$ NAT but better than $\mathrm{X} ; 2 \mathrm{C} / 2 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{NAT}$.

