| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { OPENING } \\ \text { BIDS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Point Range | Min. Length | CONVENTIONAL MEANING | SPECIAL RESPONSES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \%$ | 12-19 | 3 |  | 1 NT $=6-9$ points <br> Need 9 to respond at 2 level, <br> Inverted minor raises <br> Splinters - cue bid after splinter. <br> 2NT over m, Baron, minor(s), 15+ <br> 2 NT over $\mathrm{M}, 13+$, now new suit at next level = cue, jump = another suit. Off after opps overcall Delayed game raise is $11-14 \mathrm{pts}$ |
| 1 * | 12-19 | 3 |  |  |
| $1 \vee$ | 12-19 | 5 |  |  |
| $1 ヵ$ | 12-19 | 5 |  |  |
| 1NT | 14-16 |  |  | Stayman, trfs (2S = a minor,par bids 3C) |
| 2\% |  | 0 | 8 tricks Or 19-20 2 diamond relay |  |
| 2 * | Game <br> Force2 <br> 3+ | 5 | flat $2 n t 23-242 h$ less than 4 suit shows lowest ace 2 nt 2 kings 3 nt 2 aces 3NT25-26 |  |
| 2 | 6-10 | 5 | Usually 6 | 2 NT asking. 3C is min, poor suit. 3D min, good |
| 24 | 6-10 | 5 |  | suit. 3H max, poor suit. 3S max, good suit |
| 2NT | 21-22 |  |  | Stayman, trfs to majors. 3S minor stayman |
| 3/4 bids | weak | 7/8 |  |  |


| Double: | Redouble | New suit | Jump in new | Jump raise |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | suit |  | 2NT |
|  | $10+$ points | natural | Natural, strong | stretch | Good raise |


| DEFENSIVE BIDS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Meaning | OPPONENTS OPEN | Defensive Methods |
|  |  | Prepared club | 2C is Ghestem |
| Simple | 8-14 | Strong 1\% | X for $\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{o}$, suit bid competitive. 2C natural |
| Jump | Weak | Weak 1NT | Multi landy $2 \mathrm{C}=$ majors $2 \mathrm{D}=$ ss major $2 \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{S} \mathrm{M}+\mathrm{m}$, 2NT minors, 3C/D ss minor |
| Cue Bid | Michaels and unt | Strong 1NT |  |
| 1 NT | Direct Protective <br> $15-17$ $12-14$ | Weak 2, 3 | X t/o, NT to play ( $11 / 2$ stops) Suit bid competing <br> Cue bid strong |
|  | Responses S'man, trfs |  |  |
| 2NT | Direct Protective <br>  $20 / 22$ | 4 bids | X optional, suit bid to play |
|  | Responses | Multi 2 | 2 M t/o bid suit, $\mathrm{X}=$ strong NT |
| ACTION AFTER OPPONENTS INTERVENE WITH |  |  |  |


| Simple Overcall | Double is | Sputnik | Bids | Shows 5 card suit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jump Overcall | Double is | Sputnik | Bids | $6+$ |

## SPECIAL USES OF DOUBLES:

Sputnik promises other major, or one of majors if neither bid yet
If you bid other major, you are promising a 5 card suit
So, 1C $-1 \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{X}$ means 4 spades, 1 S means 5 spades
If opps have bid 2 suits, $X$ means other two ( $4 / 4$ or $4 / 5$ ) 1 NT means other two $5 / 5$

| SLAM CONVENTIONS | Meaning of Responses | Action over <br> interference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name: | $14 / 30$ | DOPI, ROPI |
| RKB |  |  |
| Gerber (directly after 1 or | $0 / 4,1,2,3.5 \mathrm{C}$ asks for Ks |  |
| 2 NT opener or after neg |  |  |
| Stayman) |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Other Conventions: Extended Helvic (see back of card)
Checkback, 2D denial with max, 2NT denial with min.
Unassuming cue bids: see back of card
Trial bids - bid a second suit
Lebensohl (SADS) after par's 1NT overcalled, and if par doubles opps weak two

| OPENING LEADS | v suit contracts | 4th, 3rd and 5th; |  | ......................................... |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AK | $\underline{\text { AKx }}$ | KQ10 |  | KQx | KJ10 |
|  | K109 | QJ10 | QJx |  | J10x | 10xx |
| or hatch over, | 109x | 987x | 10xxx |  | Hxxxx | Hxxxx |
| if using nonstandard leads | Hxxx | Hxx | $\underline{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{X}$ |  | x xx | x ${ }^{\text {x }}$ x |
| Other leads: | v NT contracts | 4th, | 5th; |  |  |  |
|  | AKx(x) | AJ10x |  | KQ10 | KQx | KJ10 |
|  | K109 | QJ10 |  | QJx | J10x | 10xx |
|  | 10 xxx | 109x |  | 987x | Hxx | Hxxxxx |
|  | Hxxx | Hxxx |  | $\underline{\mathrm{x}}$ | x $\mathrm{x} \times$ | x $\mathrm{xxxx}^{\text {x }}$ |


| CARDING METHODS | Describe Primary method. State alternative in brackets. |
| :--- | :--- |
| On Partner's lead | Reverse attitude, but on K lead, count . In NT, always count |
| On Declarer's lead | Count |
| When Discarding | Reverse attitude |
| Exceptions to above | Suit Preference Signal if appropriate |

## (Please cross reference to appropriate part of card)

## When partner opens, and is overcalled

Cue bid of opponent's suit is a sound raise of partner's suit, inviting game
(But if partner has opened a minor, it is looking for a stop for NT)
Single raise is weak, may only have 3 of partner's suit
Jump raise is also weakish, but has 4 of partner's suit
Raise to game is based on shape, not points.
When partner opens and is doubled
Single raise of suit is very weak (less than 6 pts)
Jump raise shows $6-9$ pts
2NT shows $10-12$ pts, and agrees suit
Raising partner to game in his suit is based on shape, not points.

## When partner overcalls opener

A direct raise of partner's suit is weakish and is only competing.
A cue bid of opponent's suit is an unassuming cue bid, and asks par to describe hand further. It usually show support for partner's suit, but can on occasion be an interest in playing in NT
If overcaller is weakish, he simply rebids his suit. If he is stronger (11+)
he bids a feature of his hand - another suit if he has one, otherwise an
ace, or a void/singleton.
Weak raise: 1 S - 1NT denies 3 spades - will bid 2 S with 3 spades. Therefore, 1 S - 1 NT opener should pass without another 4 card suit, rather than bidding $2 S$ with a 5 card spade suit.

## DEFENCE TO 1 NT DOUBLED (EXTENDED HELVIC)

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 \text { NT - X - ? } & \text { If you have a } 5 \text { card suit \& are weak, use Wriggle to transfer to } \\
\text { your long suit. (XX is trf to clubs, 2C trf to diamonds etc) }
\end{array}
$$

If you are weak without a 5 card suit, OR have 9 + points, PASS
Pard must alert this, and MUST then redouble (if opponents have not bid - it is awkward for them, as 1NT might make if you have some pts)
If you have pts, you pass the XX, but if you are weak (no 5 card suit) you can now use
1NT-P-P-X
P-P-?
Helvic (see below)
In this situation, you cannot pass as above
XX asks par to bid 2C - you then pass or correct to your 5 card suit, probably a minor as you would already have transferred to a major. With no 5 card suit, use HELVIC
HELVIC
Responder (weak) bids lower of his two 4 card suits
Opener passes if he has 3 of them, otherwise he bids next suit up. Responder passes if that is his second 4 card suit, otherwise he bids it himself. Opener then passes (he must have 3 cards, as he cannot open 1NT with 2 doubletons) In this way, you play in at worst a $4 / 3$ fit.

Name: )DERRY FORD SBU 12205
Partner: Tom Robertson (Dunbar No 222)
S.B.U. NO. 10081 $\qquad$

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM

Bidding Methods:- Benji Acol, 14/16 NT

Style of leads, signals, discards:- Reverse attitude, standard count MKENNEY in NT

## ASPECTS OF SYSTEM WHICH <br> OPPONENTS SHOULD NOTE

## STRENGTH OF 1NT OPENERS: 14/16 <br> 2* RESPONSE TO 1NT OPENER IS: Stayman

[^0]Cards must be exchanged with opponents for each round.


[^0]:    Both players of a partnership must have identically completed convention cards

