| OTHER OPENING BIDS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HCP | Minimum | CONVENTIONS \& SPECIAL RESPONSES |  |
| 1* | 10*-19 | 4 | * Rule of 20 (good 19 NV) <br> Openers 1 level rebid forcing for one round. <br> Blackout after Opener's reverse Lower $4^{\text {th }}$ suit or 2 NT | Splinters <br> 2NT Jacoby <br> Fit Jumps by passed hand 4 card fit, $9-11$ HCPs, \& 5 cards in bid suit |
| $1 *$ | 10*-19 | 4 |  |  |
| 1 V | 10*-19 | 4 |  |  |
| 1^ | 10*-19 | 4 |  |  |
| 3 bids | <10 | 7 | 3 \& 4 level Pre-empts: $1^{\text {st }} \& 3^{\text {rd }}$ weak; $2^{\text {nd }}$ constructive |  |
| 4 bids | <10 | 7 |  |  |  |
| Opening in $3^{\text {rd }}$ seat - Drury - see below <br> Opening in $4^{\text {th }}$ seat use rule of 15 or bid Strong 2's as Acol <br> Michaels: Bid Opener's suit when strong or very weak; 5:5 Majors or Maj \& Min: LM = Leaping Michaels <br> 2NT response asks for minor. 3 level bid of opener's suit is Game Forcing <br> Unusual 2NT = 5:5 in two lower unbid suits only strong ie good suits <br> Jacoby 2NT = 4 card support for Major \& <7 losers. Opener's 3 level new suit rebid = splinter: a new suit <br> at 4 level $=5$ card $2^{\text {nd }}$ suit. 4 of bid major to play |  |  |  |  |
| DEFENSIVE METHODS AFTER OPPONENTS OPEN |  |  |  |  |
| OPPON NATURAL | OPEN A OF A SUIT | CONVENTIONAL MEANING |  | SPECIAL RESPONSES |
| Overcall |  | 8+ pts and good 5+ cards; $10+$ pts at two level. |  |  |
| Jump ov |  | Weak, good 6 card suit with 7-11 pts vul \& 5-10 pts. Non-Vul in suit bid |  |  |
| Cue bid |  | Michaels See above |  | suit 0-9 one up; 10+ jump |
| 1NT | tive: $3^{\text {rd }}$ | $16-18$ (or good 15) As for 1NT opening but if <br> $11-15$ (can be a K short) interference natural |  |  |
| UCB \& J |  | With 4 card support bid opponents suit after partner's overcall; Jump cue $=4$ card support, 8-10 and 2 quick tricks |  |  |
| Unusual |  | 5:5 lower 2 suits; $\quad$ Bid better suit 0-9 pts; Bid one level up 10+ pts. |  |  |
| OPPO | TS OPEN | DEFENSIVE METHODS |  | special responses |
| Strong 1 |  | 1 level bid a natural Overcall; X for TO; Gromoeller (see below) |  |  |
| Short 10 |  | 1 level bid natural O'call; X for TO; Gromoeller |  |  |
| Weak 1N |  | Gromoeller; X in $2^{\text {nd }}$ penalties; $4^{\text {th }}$ seat after 2 passes natural 5 card suit |  |  |
| Strong 1 |  | Gromoeller; $4^{\text {th }}$ seat after 2 passes bid 5 card suit \& 6+ pts |  |  |
| Weak 2 |  | $\mathrm{X}=$ TOX 13-15; new suit 19 2NT 16-18 stops systems on ; 2 of suit; Lebensohl; L.M. |  |  |
| Weak 3 |  | X =TOX 13-15; After TOX new suit 19 3NT to play; Suit O'call natural; L.M. |  |  |
| 4 bids -oid |  | $\mathrm{X}=$ TOX $13-15$ suit bid $=8$ tricks; $4 \mathrm{NT}=5 / 5$ in lowest unbid suits; 4^ see below |  |  |
| Multi 2 |  | $\mathrm{X}=$ TOX 13-15; After TOX new suit 19 2NT=16-18 \& stop; 2 of suit \& Lebensoh\|;L.M. |  |  |
| SLAM CONVENTIONS |  |  |  |  |
| Name |  |  | Meaning of Responses After interference |  |
| 4NT = RKCB (1430) Majors |  |  | $5 \stackrel{1}{*}=1 / 4,5 *=0 / 3,5 v=2,5 \uparrow=2+Q$ trump: ROPI \& DOPI |  |
| $4 \stackrel{/}{*}$ Minorwood (1430) NT \& Minors |  |  | Stepped responses as RKCB ---------------------------1-1) As above |  |
| Italian Cue Bids after fit agreed |  |  | Suit bid shows $1^{\text {st }}$ or $2^{\text {nd }}$ round control below game and $1^{\text {st }}$ round control above game |  |
| 5NT after 4NT response is specific King asking |  |  | Eg if spades agreed $6 *=K ; 6 * K(n o * K) ; 6 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{K}(\mathrm{No} *$ or <br> - Ks ); 6A = no side Ks |  |

## Our use of $X$ after 1 of a suit opening bids by either side.

Negative $X$ applies at any level:
egs re majors. $1 C-$ (1D) $-X=4: 4$ in majors; $1 H-(1 S)-X=4: 4$ in minors; $1 C-(2 D)-X=4: 3$ in majors; (1H) - X - (P) - Advancer 2H forcing cue bid - no direction; 1D - (1S) - 1NT - (P) - ? Responder's 1NT does not deny necessarily 4 cards in hearts. If opener rebids hearts - support; if opener rebids first suit show hearts; but if opener rebids 2 C - return to D .
TOX applies at any level:
$X$ followed by advancer's suit bid then a change of suit bid by overcaller $=18-19$
TOX in $4^{\text {th }}$ seat (borrow $K$ ) eg 1 of suit $-P-(P)-X$; Partner must deduct $K$
Responsive $X$ e.g. (1H) - X $-(2 \mathrm{H})-\mathrm{X}$ denies 4 spade $\&$ asks for a minor
Then, (1C) - X (1D) - X Advancer asks overcaller to bid his better major with equal length in both (1NT) $-P-(P)-X=13+$ (borrow $K$ )
TOX after Opener's 1 of a suit \& 1 level o'call $1 \mathrm{C}-(1 \mathrm{H})-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{P})-\mathrm{X}$ by opener does not promise 3 spades TOX in Advancer seat after LHO opens 1 of a suit \& RHO stretches e.g (1H) $-2 \mathrm{C}-(2 / 3 \mathrm{H})-\mathrm{X}$ has 4 spades Agreements after Opponents Overcall $\quad$ Cue Bid = Good Raise \& stop; Single raise = weak \& 4 cards: Jump Agreements after Opponents WJO $\quad$ raise $5+$ cards premptive
Agreements after Opponents X for Takeout

| Redouble 9+ HCP | New suit Forcing | Jump in new suit Forcing |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Jump raise in suit Pre-emptive | 2NT Good raise to 3 |  |  |
| CONVENTIONS |  |  |  |

Checkback-After 1v-1^-1NT(15-17) \& no interference 2*; N.B.1 $\boldsymbol{\bullet}-1 \wedge-2 N T=18 / 19$ then $3 * *$ same Responder's $2 / 3$ : (alert!) with good $7+$ initiates Checkback; 7-9 is game seeking, but is used to explore for a slam if Opener's $1 N T$ is maximum. Opener's rebid options after $2 \boldsymbol{*}$ :
$2 \vee=$ Min hand $\&$ shows a $5^{\text {th }}$ card in opener's major
$2 \boldsymbol{A}=$ Min hand, denies a $5^{\text {th }}$ card in opener's major but shows 3 cards in responder's major 2* = Min hand \& no $5^{\text {th }}$ card in opener's major nor 3 card support for Responder's Major;
$3 \vee=$ Max hand shows a $5^{\text {th }}$ card in opener's major
$3 \boldsymbol{A}=$ Max hand, denies a $5^{\text {th }}$ card in opener's major but shows 3 cards in responder's major
$3 *=$ Max hand \& no $5^{\text {th }}$ card in opener's major nor 3 card support for Responder's Major; $1 \vee-2 \star$; $2 N T^{*}(15-19)-3 \star$ also Checkback: $3 \vee=$ a $5^{\text {th }}$ heart, $3 \wedge=4$ spades $3 \star$ shows neither *2NT = GF Lebenshol (FASS) after Opponents Overcall our 1NT Opene
They O'call a suit they do not have $-\mathrm{X}=$ the suit \& weak; other 2 level bids natural \& weak, direct 3 level bids forcing; direct cue bid shows major(s) GF; direct 3NT \& stops; bid one of suits they've shown = something in suit not forcing; bid of the only suit shown - distributional and TO;
They $O^{\prime}$ call a suit they do have $-X=T O X ; 2$ level bids natural \& weak; direct 3 level bids GF \& stop; Cue bid shows major(s) \& stop; 2NT initiates Lebensohl for everything else. Opener rebids $3 *-$ pass or correct; 3 NT now = game + no stop; rebidding 3 level suit which could be bid at the 2 level is GF. They overcall at the 3 level $-X=10$; suits natural \& forcing; 3NT game points with stop(s) Lebenshol (FASS) after Opponents Open a weak 2
2 level bids natural, weak; 2NT 16-18 + stops; Leaping Michaels; X initiates Lebensohl; direct 3NT \& stop; direct 3 of overcalled suit asks for stop GF; all other 3 level bids GF \& stop or no fear; but (2A) -X - (P) 2NT by advancer $=0-11$ HCPs; Opener rebids $3 *$ - pass or correct to $3 \star 0-7 \mathrm{HCPs} ; 3 \vee=$ invite no stop; 3A no fit, no stop, GF; 3NT = game but no stop; rebid 3 level suit which could be bid at the 2 level GF; If responder has bid eg (2v)-X-(3v) - ? Advancer's options are Pass, Bid own suit, game or TOX Lebenshol (FASS) when opponents make a 2 level natural WJO after our 1 of a suit opener Support with a fit eg $1 \vee-(2 \boldsymbol{\wedge})-3 \vee=G F$; so $2 N T$ initiates Lebensohl - continuations as above; Drury - Partner opens $1 \vee / 1 \mathrm{~A}$ in $3^{\text {rd }}$ seat. Responder's $2 *=4$ of bid Major \& $10+$ asks if $K$ borrowed? Opener will repeat major at two level if weak, rebid $3 \vee / \uparrow$ invitational, or $4 \vee / \uparrow$ game. Inverted Minors $1 \star / \star-2 \star / *$ stronger ( $10+$ ) than $1 \star / *-3 D * / *$ weak ( $0-6$ ) 4 card support \& no 4card major. 1NT response (7-9) 4333 shape \& no 4 card major. Opener's rebids $2 \vee / \AA=3+$ cards \& stop; $2 \mathrm{NT}=15-17$ balanced; 3 of other minor shows 5:4, $3 \mathrm{NT}=18-19$
NB If opponents $X$ or Overcall Barrage where possible. CUE bid now with good support
(For all the card combinations shown, clearly mark the card normally
led if different from the underlined card) led if different from the underlined card).

|  | A K | AK x | $\underline{K} \mathrm{Q}$ | $\underline{\mathrm{K}}$ Q $\times$ | K J 10 | K T 9 | Q J T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underline{\text { Q J }} \mathrm{x}$ | J Tx |  | $\underline{T} 9 \mathrm{x}$ | $987 x$ | Txxg | $\mathrm{Hx} \underline{\underline{x}}$ |
|  | Hxxx | Hxxxx | Hxxxxx | $\underline{x} \mathrm{x}^{* *}$ | $\mathrm{x} \times \mathrm{x}$ | xxxx |  |
|  | $\underline{\text { A K }} \times(\underline{\text { x }}$ ) | A $\rfloor T x$ | $\underline{K} Q^{T}$ | $\underline{K} \mathrm{Q}^{\text {x }}$ | K J T | K I 9 | Q J T |
|  | $\underline{Q}{ }^{\text {J }} \mathrm{x}$ | $\underline{J T x}$ | Tx ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | T9x | $9 \underline{87 x}$ | Txxy | Hx $\mathrm{x}^{\text {g }}$ |
|  | Hxxx | Hxxxx | Hxxxxx | $\underline{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{x}^{* *}$ | $\mathrm{x} \underline{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{x}$ | $\mathrm{x} \times \mathrm{x} \times$ |  |

Carding vs NT as above

## Leads Defending Suits: as above

${ }^{* *}$ Never lead from Doubleton unless Partner has bid suit then high low as shown above CARDING METHODS

|  | Primary method v suit contracts | Primary method v NT contracts |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| On Declarer's lead | Revese Count = High = odd ; Low = even |  |
| When discarding | In Suits = Reverse Attitude; In NTs = Revolving |  |
| Discards: Suit Preference: Reverse Attitude |  |  |
| CONVENTIONS (section 2) |  |  |

Non-Promissory Stayman Responder bids $2 *$ with $11 / 12$ HCPs but NOT promising a 4-card major. $2 \star$ by Opener denies a 4 card Major. $2 \vee / 2 \uparrow$ by Opener $=4$ cards in $\vee / \uparrow$. If Responder has NO 4 -card major can now bid 2NT - shows 11-12. With 4-4 major fit, Responder supports at 3 or 4 depending upon strength. IfOpener shows $4 \boldsymbol{\vee}$, a $2 \boldsymbol{\wedge}$ bid now by Responder is Checkback showing 4 cards in spades. Without 4 cards
 $13+$ HCP's \& $4 \boldsymbol{A}$ in spades ' $\cos 2 \boldsymbol{A}=11 / 12$ pts
Gromoeller Overcall of Opponent's 1NT opening: 11+ HCPs, or 18+ Jump O'call as below
$2 \%=5 / 5$ or good 5/4 in majors: or 6+ in minors, or Spades \& Clubs 5:5 or 4/5
$2 \bullet=6$ card major or good 5: $2 \boldsymbol{v}$ relay; pass or correct to play. With $11+2 \boldsymbol{*}=3+\boldsymbol{v} ; 2 N T=3+\star$ $2 \boldsymbol{v}=5 / 4$ hearts \& minor: Pass to play, 3* pass or correct. 11+2A $=3+\downarrow$; 2NT denies $\downarrow$.
$2 \uparrow=5 / 4$ spades $\&$ diamonds: Pass to play, $3 \star$ pass to play. $11+2 N T=3+\uparrow$
$2 \mathrm{NT}=5 / 5$ in minors; 3 minor to play; 11+bid game, with major stops 3 NT .
f Responder makes a bid or TOX after any overcall consider Pass; XX, or level of fit bid.
Defense to Unusual 2NT overcall (immediately as responder!) NB Pass if no interest in auction
X - at least 1 of known suits All subsequent Xs are for penalties; want to play in 3 NT - bid it; Support but insuffient strength - stretch raise; Own suit insuffient strength bid at lowest level; if proper support and invitational strength or unbid suit with at least invitational strength, cue bid 1 of opponents suits as follows: A bid of opponents known lower ranking suit = the lower rank of the other 2 suits eg partner opens $1 \downarrow / \AA-(2 N T=\star / \diamond)-3 *$ shows opener's major, $3 \star$ shows other major. Jump to $3 \boldsymbol{\wedge}, 4 \star, 4 \star$ is splinter GF; 4NT Ace asking.
NB After partner X opponents INT: Pass for penalty; Takeout with 4 HCPs or less \& 5 card suit but Pass also if very weak and 4-3-3-3. Nowhere to go.
Trial Bids - After $1 \vee-(P)-2 \downarrow-(P)$, opener's $2 \boldsymbol{\wedge}$ is Trial bid (not a reverse)
After $1 \downarrow-(1 \wedge)-2 \downarrow-(2 \wedge), 3 \vee$ by opener is a Barrage.
But $1 \vee-(1 \wedge)-2 \vee-(2 \boldsymbol{\wedge}), 3 \star / \diamond$ by opener is a Trial bid \& Invitational.
After same sequence 2NT by opener also trial bid $=15+\&$ balanced \& 'stops' in opponents suit.


Both players of a partnership must have identically completed convention cards. Cards must be exchanged with opponents for each round.

