OTHER OPENING BIDS									
	НСР	See note	Min length	CONV MEANIN		SPECIAL RESPONSES			Notes
1.* 1.↓ 1.↓	10+		4			2NT = good raise to 3+ double jump = void or singleton 3N = 12-15 flat 3 card support 1H/S 4N by resp is RKCB 1C/D 4C/D by resp is RKCB			
3 bids			6	Pre-emp	ot				
4 bids			6	Pre-emp	ot				
	DE	FENS	IVE ME	THODS	ΑF	TER OP	PONENT	S OPEN	
OPPONENTS ONE	OPEN OF A		URAL	CONVEN MEAN	_		SPECIAL RESPONSES		Notes
Simple	overcal	I	4 (usua	lly 5) cards	s, 7-	16 HCP	NT natural	, suit forcing; UCE	3
Jump	overcall			Weak					
Cue	e bid			or other m					
1NT	Dir Prote	ect ective		15-17 11-14			1NT system 1NT system		
2NT	2NT Direct lowest 2 suits				uits, strong or weak 20-21 NT 2NT system		IT system		
OPPONENTS	S OPEN	I WITH	DEFENSIVE METHODS			SPECIAL RESPONSES		Notes	
Stro	ng 1 <b>.</b>		X = majors, NT = minors, WJO						
Short	1♣/1♦								
Weak 1NT			X = max of their 1NT + 1 2♣ = ♥ & ♠ (at least 44) 2♦ = ♥ or ♠ 2M = 5M & 4+m 2N = minors or strong 2 suiter		1		1		
Stron	g 1NT		as weak NT						
Weak 2			X = take out; 2NT = 15-18 Over 2M : 3M asks for a stop and 4m = m & other M			Lebensohl (2S) X (3S) X is pen 2NT system		2	
Weak 3		X = take out							
4 bids Over 4S X = va Else X = t/				es					
Multi 2♦			X = 13-15 NT 2M = take out of other major				3		
		•		SLAM CO			NS		
Name				М	Meaning of Responses			erence	
RKCB (B'wood over NT), Minorwood & Exclusion B'wood				ood &		14 / 30 /	2 / 2+Q	P1D0/P1R	0

COMPETITIVE AUCTIONS					
Agreements after opening of one of a suit and overcall by opponents					
Level to which negative doubles apply	7H				
Special meaning of bids	See note 4 and 6				
Exceptions / other agreements See note 4					
Agreements after opponents double for takeout					

Redouble	9+	New suit	6 - 8 pts 4+ cards at 1 level and 5+ at the 2 level
Jump raise	Pre-emptive	Jump in new suit	6-card suit, 6-8 HCP
2NT	good raise to 3	Other	Pass then X other 2 suits

Other agreements concerning doubles and redoubles

Responsive to 4D, game try, support Xs and XXs to 2Sover a M

## OTHER CONVENTIONS

4th suit forcing; DAB, UCB; Extended Stayman; 5NT= pick a slam No Gerber, David - 1NT rebid = 12-16 HCP (2. = Crowhurst) Jim - 1NT rebid = 15 -17 (2C Checkback) 2NT rebid over a 2/1 response is game forcing Jump in the 4th suit is a splinter (except 1♣ 1♦ 1♥ 2♠ = 4th suit) Any GF 4C/D is Minorwood

## SUPPLEMENTARY DETAILS

1] After (1NT) 2 \* (pass)?

2+=no preference (or 2Ss & 3Hs) or strong; 2NT=natural pass=\*; 2\*=\*; XX=no preference (or 2Ss & 3Hs) or strong

After (1NT) 2 . (X)?

All 3-level overcalls are weak

2 += single-suited with major, usually 6+ card suit (Multi style responses with 2NT inquiry)

2M = suit & a minor; 2N response is an inquiry

2NT=either minors or strong 2-suiter

Passed hand X=single-suited with minor

After (1N) X any subsequent X is for t/o

- [2] Lebensohl fast shows used after: their weak 2, our 1NT opener, our 1NT overcall and also (1y)X(2y)?; (1NT)X(2y)?; 1z(1y)pass(2y)X(pass)?; (multi 2 ♦)pass(2M)X
- any suit bid at the 2 level is competitive
- 2N (opener bids 3C) followed by a suit lower than RHO's is competitive
- 2N followed by a suit higher than RHO's is a game try
- a non jump to 3H/D/C is forcing opposite 1N bidder else mild INV (7-11ish)
- this is because partner is limited when he has bid 1N
- a jump bid is forcing
- 2N followed by a cue bid is Staymanic with no stop
- a direct cue bid is Staymanic and shows a stop
- 2N followed by 3N shows no stop and no interest in the majors
- 3N shows a stop and no interest in the majors
- 11. After 1N (2X) X shows a hand that would have bid 2N and has at least 2 cards in oppos suit, after (1H) X (2H) X is T/O, (1H) 1N (2H) X is pen and (1N) X (2X) X is T/O.

OPENING LEADS								
it cts	<u> </u>	<u><b>A K</b></u> x	K <u>Q</u> 10	<u><b>K</b></u> Q x	K <u>J</u> 10	K <u><b>10</b></u> 9	<b>Q</b> J 10	
v suit contracts	<b>Q</b> J x	<u>J</u> 10 x	10 x <u>x</u>	<u>10</u> 9 x	9 <u>8</u> 7x	10 x x <u>x</u>	H x <u>x</u>	
	H x x <u>x</u>	H x x <u>x</u> x	Н х х <u>ж</u> х х	<u><b>X</b></u> x	х <u><b>х</b></u> х	x <u>x</u> xx		
v NT contracts	<u><b>A</b></u> K x ( <u>x</u> )	A <u>J</u> 10 x	<u>K</u> Q 10	К <u>Q</u> х	K <u>J</u> 10	K <u><b>10</b></u> 9	<b>Q</b> J 10	
	<b>Q</b> J x	<u>J</u> 10 x	10 x <u>x</u>	<u>10</u> 9 x	9 <u>8</u> 7x	10 x x <u>x</u>	H x <u>x</u>	
> oo	H x x <u>x</u>	H x x <b>x</b> x	H x x <u>x</u> x x	<u><b>x</b></u> x	x <u>x</u> x	x <u>x </u> x x		

Other agreements in leading, e.g. high level contracts, partnership suits

## CARDING METHODS

	Primary method v suit contract	Primary method v NT contract
On Partner's lead	Rev Attitude, K for count	Rev Attitude, K to unblock/count
On Declarer's lead	Count	Count
When discarding	Rev Attitude	Rev Attitude

## OTHER CARDING AGREEMENTS

Current count (low = odd)

Suit pref when obvious (high card asks for higher of other suits, low card asks for lower)

## SUPPLEMENTARY DETAILS (continued)

## 31 Bidding over (2D)

In 2nd : 2NT=16-18 then 2NT system, X=13-15 flat or 19+, 2H/S equiv of Xing the other M

In 4th : pass (2M) X=t/o & Lebensohl (note 2); 2NT=16-18 then 2NT system

In 6th : X=pen; 2NT=minors; 3m=m & M; M = 6+ card suit

In 8th : X=take out; 2NT=minors; 3m=m & M

[4] Supp parts suit - 2/3 pre empt. Suits are nat and forcing. A jump cue is a splinter. If maj with 8 losers (10+) or better bid 2N with 4 card supp and cue bid with 3 card supp (after a jump o/c, if the cue takes you past the 3 level ie 1H (2S), then all suit bids are natural). If min with 8 losers (10+) or better bid 2N with 4 card sup and a stop and cue bid with 4 card supp and no stop.

[5] after 2N: 2C/2D 2N. 2D 2H 2N and (2X weak) 2N.

- 3C = 5 Card Stayman. Responses are 3D = no 5 card maj but with 1 or 2 4 card majors. 3H = 5Hs; 3S = 5Ss, 3N = no 4 card mai
- After 3C 3D 3H = 4 Hs could also have 4Ss, 3S = 4Ss
- 3D/H transfers opener can break into a cue bid, no retransfers After transfer 4C asks length of major 4D - single A, 4H - doubleton, 4S - tripleton
- 2N 4N; 2N 3D/H, 3H/S 4N are all quantitative.
- 3S = 5Ss and 4Hs and 3N = to play
- With 5 5 in majors bid 3H then bid 4Hs
- With a slam try and both minors bid 3C then 4C. Opener bids 4D or cue bids with Cs
- With 5Hs & 4Ss bid 3D then 3S after part bids 3H
- 4C = slam try with long Cs, 4D = slam try with long Ds both are minorwood

[6] 1A (2N minors or 2m majs): X pens; parts suit at any level to play; 4th suit constructive, 2H/3C 3 card support & 4/5 of other M/m (opener responds 2S/3D with 3 card support), 2S/3D game try with 4+ card support: 1M (2M\* other M and a m): 2N game try in parts suit, parts suit at any level to play, 3m constructive and cue of opps M 3 card support.

### David / Jim & Mike Ribbins (015722) V17

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BIDDING METHODS

# **Benjaminised Acol**

## 1NT OPENINGS AND RESPONSES

Streng	th		12+-14				Artificial?	NO		
Shape	const	raints			Singleton?				NO	
Respo	nses		2*		Stayman (note 2C followed by 3C = weak with both minors No SID & no Gerber			minors)		
2♦		transfer to ♥ (no retransfers)				2♥		transfer to ♠ (no retransfers)		
2♠		17+ flat or natural 11 – poor 12			2NT	Weak with a minor OR strong with both minors				
Others										
	Played after any (X) of a NT									

Action after opponents double pass = to play XX = single suited suit = lower suit with a 2 suited hand

Action after other interference

(2A) Lebensohl (note 2) with X = pens (values for 2NT + at least 2cards in ops suit): (3A) X is T/O

## TWO-LEVEL OPENINGS AND RESPONSES

	Meaning	Responses	Note s
2*	8 playing tricks or flat 22-23/ 26-27	2♦ = relay (usually < 8 HCP) suits= 8+ and 5+ cards 2N = 8+ no 5 card suit	
2♦	Game force or flat 24-25 / 28+	2♥ = relay (usually < 8 HCP) suits= 8+ and 5+ cards 2N = 8+ no 5 card suit	
2♥	6 cards, 6-9 HCP	2NT = asking 2S constructive non forcing	
2♠	6 cards, 6-9 HCP	2NT = asking	
2NT	20-21 NT	3. = 5 Card Stayman 3. √ = transfers 3. = 5Ss & 4Hs	5

OTHER ASPECTS OF SYSTEM WHICH OPPONENTS SHOULD NOTE

## 2H/S are weak