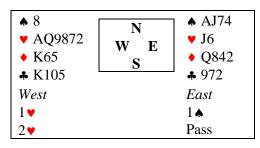


Lesson 21 Examples

Openers's Rebid: Rebidding your own suit



▲ A42 **♦** K1053 **♥** K4 **♥** QJ72 \mathbf{W} \mathbf{E} ♦ AOJ943 ♦ 102 **♣** KJ5 **.** 06 West East 1 🕶 1 • 3NT 3♦

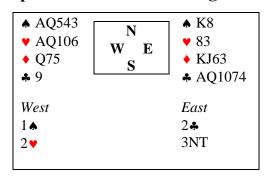
Unbalanced hand, no support for partner only 1 biddable suit.

West has no option but to rebid his suit

With a minimum opener he makes a *minimum rebid*

Again, no option but to rebid his suit This time West has extra values, so makes a *jump rebid*

Openers's Rebid: Bidding a new suit



♠ KOJ75 **♠** 3 **♥** KQ10765 **9**43 ${f E}$ **♦** K76 ♦ AQ \mathbf{S} **♣** AJ96 **4** 104 West East 1 🔻 1 2. 2 🕶 **3**♥ **4** 🕶

West opens 1♠.

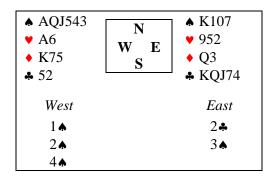
East's 2* response shows 10-27HCP and a 4+card suit West rebids 2*, showing a second biddable suit This tells partner he has longer spades than hearts (with 4 spades and 4 hearts he opens 1*)

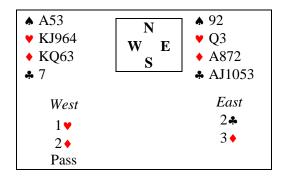
West opens 1♥ and East responds 1♠
West rebids his second suit and East can bid 2♥.

He knows that partner has 5+ hearts so this will be an 8-card fit, an adequate trump suit
With extra values West bids again showing 6 hearts and 15-17HCP. East has enough to raise to game



Lesson 21 Examples

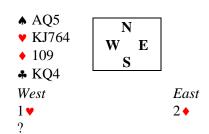




West shows 6 spades by rebidding the suit East has invitational values and can raise to 3 with 3-cards because he knows there is a 9-card fit West has as good a hand as he could have for a mnimum rebid. So he bids game.

West shows 5+ hearts by rebidding a new suit (With 4-4 in the red suits he would rebid in no-trump) With 4-card support for the second suit East raises just as he would raise an opening bid West has a minimum opener and passes

We do not need to rebid a 5-card suit in a balanced hand

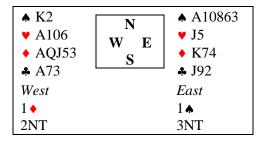


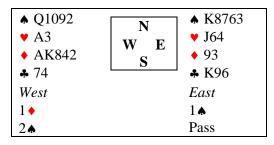
West opens 1♥

East's 2 → response shows 10-27HCP and a 4+card suit West rebids 2NT, showing a balanced hand of 15+HCP (With 12-14 points in a balanced hand he should open 1NT) This is the *most descriptive rebid*.

It does not commit his side to playing in no-trump. If East is unbalanced he can show 3-card support for partner's suit (with 4-card support he raises at once), or rebid his own suit, or a new suit.

Some pairs of hands to illustrate the logic of the different series of bids

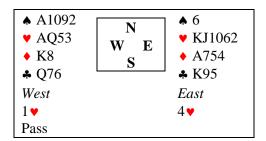




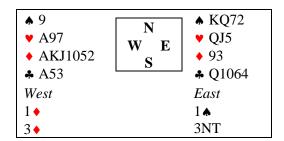
West has a very strong 1 ◆ opener Over 1 ♠ he expresses his extra strength by jumping to 2NT. East knows partner has 18/19 HCP, too strong to open 1NT or rebid 1NT. 18/19 HCP + 8 HCP = enough for game. West raises spades because he has 4-card support The *single raise* to 2 \$\infty\$ shows a minimum opener - with more he would jump to 3 \$\infty\$ or 4 \$\infty\$. With only 7 HCP East knows there is no game. He stops as low as possible by passing



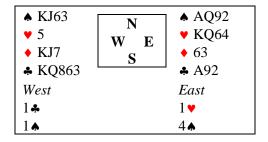
Lesson 21 Examples



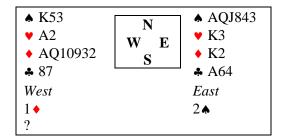
East's 'book bid' is 3♥: 11 HCP, 4+ card support The fifth trump and singleton make it worth game



West makes a jump rebid to show extra values East has enough to try 3NT opposite 15-17HCP



East responds to 1. with a forcing 1-over-1 West bids his second suit, promising 4+cards East has 4-card support and enough for game He raises to 4.



West opens 1 ◆. East's 2♠ response is gameforcing with a good 6+card spade suit West rebids 3♠, agreeing that spades should be trump No need to jump to 4♠ - partner cannot pass 3♠. 3♠ leaves room to investigate slam