## SBU Winter Foursomes

## Specific Conditions of Contest for January 2020

These Specific Conditions of Contest are a supplement to the general SBU Conditions of Contest that are in the SBU Competition Handbook (revised August, 2018).

## ENTRIES

Valid entries will be accepted up to the closing date provided the maximum number of teams, as stated on the SBU website, is not exceeded. The convener reserves the right to accept late entries.

## SYSTEMS

The Winter Foursomes is an SBU Category 2 tournament (SBU System Policy), which is the same as EBL Category 2, and means that most systems and conventions are permitted except Highly Unusual Methods. You may play Brown Sticker openings and overcalls as long as you submit the appropriate form to the convener at least two weeks prior to the event.

Brown Sticker forms are available at http://www.eurobridge.org/regulations/systems/. Note that you must include a viable suggested defence. A partnership is limited to three Brown Sticker conventions. Brown Sticker conventions do not affect seating rights.

Teams should note that Brown Sticker conventions are not permitted in the Winter Swiss Teams.

## SEEDING

The leading eight teams, or other number as determined by the convener, will be seeded based on entries at the closing date. The remaining teams are then put into two pools, for example 9-16 and the remainder, and the seeds randomly drawn within each pool.

The criteria will be transparent and similar to that used in the National League with discretion for non-Scottish teams and players.

## TEAMS OF FIVE OR SIX PLAYERS

In a triad, teams of five or six players may change a player or pair after 8 boards in the first match, subject to informing the Director at the start of the triad. They may also change the same partnership again after 8 boards in the second match, subject to informing the Director at the start of the triad. One pair must play unchanged.

In 16-board head-to-head matches, teams of five or six players may change a player or pair after 8 boards, subject to informing the Director at the start of the match.

## SEATING RIGHTS

In matches consisting of one stanza (all 16-board matches) and any triads, there are no seating rights. In the case of any dispute, each captain will nominate blind the North-South and East-West pairs. It is recommended that pairs do not change their seating direction throughout the event.

In matches consisting of two stanzas, the higher seeded team (\#1 is highest, it is the acquired seed that is used after the first round) has seating rights in the first stanza and seats its players second. There is a compulsory change of opponents in the second stanza.

## SCORING

WBF Continuous Victory Points will be used where possible for round-robins of more than three teams. An alternative VP scale may be used if the scoring software does not support this.

## QUARTER-FINAL AND SEMIFINAL FORMATS

The unbeaten team chooses their opponent for the quarter-final. The other matches are decided by random save that rematches should be avoided if possible.

When there are four semifinalists, the matches are drawn at random save that rematches should be avoided if possible.

## TIE-BREAKING PROCEDURES

## Head-to-head matches

When teams are tied at the end of a head-to-head match, except in the semifinal and final, point-a-board count-back is used to break the tie and, failing this, the toss of a coin.

In the semifinal and final, extra boards are played. The number of extra boards is one-eighth of the scheduled number for the match. They are played in a single stanza with no seating rights. The captains write down their line-ups simultaneously. If a tie still exists, additional sets of two boards are played until the tie is broken.

## Triads

Long triads see each team play a 16-board match against two other teams. One team will be considered undefeated and the two other teams will lose one life.

Short triads see each team play an 8-board match against two other teams. Two teams will be considered undefeated and one team will lose one life.

The teams are ranked based on the number of wins, a draw counting as a half-win.

1. If each team wins one match and loses one match, or all matches are drawn, net IMPs over the triad will determine the ranking list. If, as a result, one team is excluded from the tie (by virtue of either clearly winning or losing it), but the other two teams remain tied, then the respective rankings of the remaining two teams will be determined by (1) the result of the match between them in IMPs, (2) point-a-board count-back in the match between them, (3) toss of a coin.
a. If all three teams are tied in terms of net IMPs, then point-a-board count-back over the triad will determine the ranking list. If, as a result, one team is excluded from the tie (by virtue of either clearly winning or losing it), but the other two teams remain tied, then the respective rankings of the remaining two teams (should it still be necessary to resolve the tie) will be determined by (1) the result of the match between them in IMPs, (2) point-a-board count-back in the match between them, (3) toss of a coin.
b. If all three teams are tied in terms of net IMPs and point-a-board count-back over the triad, then the positions will be decided by a random draw.
2. If two teams draw a match, and finish tied for either top or bottom place, their relative ranking will be resolved by:

- point-a-board count-back in their head-to-head match
- the IMPs won/lost against the third team of the triad
- toss of a coin


## Round-Robin Plate Pools

If teams are tied for the last qualifying place in the final ranking of a round-robin group, then the tie will be resolved by:

1. A simple tie between two contestants will be resolved by the result of the match between those contestants in IMPS.
2. Failing that, then the number of matches won in terms of Victory Points (a draw is a half win, 10 VP constitutes a draw, 10.01 VP or more a win). If this results in two contestants being tied, then the tie will be resolved by the result of the match between those contestants in IMPS and, failing that, point-a-board count-back in the match.
3. Failing that, total IMPS across the entire round-robin.
4. Finally, point-a-board count-back will decide. This process involves taking account of all boards played in the stage of the competition in question.

## ADVICE FOR NON-SBU PLAYERS

Please note that some Level 4 and Level 5 EBU agreements are Brown Sticker conventions, especially two- and three-level weak openers that do not promise a known suit, for example 2NT showing a pre-empt in one minor. These will be prohibited unless a Brown Sticker form has been completed.

You may use any system cards: SBU, WBF, EBU, and ACBL system cards are all acceptable.
The SBU uses the WBF alerting policy (SBU Alerting Policy). In particular there are no announcements and no doubles should be alerted, although the directors are relaxed in the first few instances with foreign players.

It is an SBU regulation that you must pre-alert:

- Your basic method
- The range of your opening 1NT, including any variations according to position and vulnerability
- The meaning of your two-level opening bids
- Any unusual aspects of your system, especially any unusual doubles (like non-penalty doubles of no trump opening bids)

We look forward to welcoming you to Edinburgh in January.

