

SBU - Flash Card Questions and Answers – Lesson 13

A2. 16-18 because Advancer your partner could hold zero HCP and you are trapped between 2 strong hands!

NB ALWAYS PASS with 12-14 balanced hand AFTER an opening bid.

A4.Exactly the same as Responder to an Opening 1NT (12-14) bid but adjust the points required given 16-18 by Overcaller. These are : 0-6 - Pass or Transfer as an escape with a 5-card suit. Stayman and Transfers en route to game

A6. 3NT. Your partnership has enough HCP for game.

NB Do NOT use Stayman with a flat hand as you are likely to make the same number of tricks in NT as in a Major, giving a better score.

> A8. **10 HCP**

A10. A double (X) of a 1NT bid is normally for penalties. So, as Advancer:i) you are very weak, but have a 5 card suit bid it to play. Will lose fewer than in 1NTX. ii) If your partnership has the majority of points consider - Is it more profitable to bid game ourselves? Or will we score more points playing in 1NTX.

A1. 1NT (16-18 and stop in opener's suit)

NB ALWAYS PASS with a 12-14 balanced hand AFTER an opening bid.

A3. 2 • a transfer to 2 • to play.

South has such a weak hand which will play better in hearts than in NT! Using trumps are likely to be the only access to South's hand.

A5. 5+ cards in hearts, transfer bid, 0+ points Points not known until South's next bid of: Pass = 0-6 HCP 2NT = 7-8 HCP 3NT = 9 + HCP

A7. South's 2* is Stayman showing at least one 4 card major. Bid 2 denying a four card major of your own

A9. The 3,2,1 rule shows the acceptable number of 'undertricks' and means your side gets a 'better' score than the opponents if left to make their game Here is the reasoning behind that rule.

Under tricks 3,2,1

- Non Vulnerable (420) Vulnerable (800) 3 2
- Both Same Both Same 1
 - Vulnerable (620) Non Vulnerable (100)