

# Lesson 20 – Teacher Notes

This Lesson Is About Defending

## Active And Passive Defending

Active defending is when you can see how you can get the contract down or how you have a chance of defeating the contract.

If you can see how you can get the contract down or how you have a chance of defeating the contract go for it!

## HOWEVER

Most defence is passive, patience is needed, don't give tricks away and keep all leads safe.

#### STRESS WHEN DEFENDING PASSIVELY TO BE AWARE THAT

- 1 Principles applying to the opening lead also apply when leading from a new later in the hand.
- 2 A lead from a suit headed by a single unsupported honour often gives tricks away. This is OK for an opening lead of a long suit against a NT contract because you may give one trick away but gain tricks when the long suit is established. This links with the problem of avoiding leading 'Frozen Suits'.
- 3 Don't lead out unsupported honours
- 4 Defenders don't give tricks away
- 5 Keep all leads safe it is OK to allow Declarer to win a trick which he will win anyway for example if you know he will be able to ruff in one hand but...

- 6 Avoid giving a 'Ruff and Discard'
- 7 Revise Rule of 11 on leads that look like 4<sup>th</sup> highest/best
- 8 Keep all leads safe it is OK to allow Declarer to win a trick which he will win anyway for example if you know he will be able to ruff in one hand but...
  - A Keep a card/s in partner's suit so you can return the suit when you get the lead
  - **B** Keep length with dummy (and Declarer)
  - **C** Keep high cards protected

## **REVISE REVERSE ATTITUDE SIGNALLING**

As with opening leads, 'Low for Like' and 'High for Hate'

## **REVISE WHY DEFENDERS FAIL**

- 1 Failing to play passively. The temptation is always to play aggressively!
- 2 Premature cashing of winning cards. Withholding winning cards requires judgement and that requires practice. Always be aware that it might not be correct to win a trick so always consider not cashing winners. The more you try, the better your judgement will get.
- 3 Giving Declarer information by hesitating before playing a card. If you have a key card in your hand and stop to think before your play to a trick, you tell Declarer that you have something to think about. Try to do your thinking before you are called on to make the play!

Give a simple run down of procedure when playing in the club with particular attention to playing/bidding in tempo, use of stop and alert cards etc. Don't be afraid to call the director especially if you are an unsure beginner.